

# 39-th International Mathematical Olympiad

Taipei, Taiwan, July 10–21, 1998

*First Day – July 15*

1. A convex quadrilateral  $ABCD$  has perpendicular diagonals. The perpendicular bisectors of  $AB$  and  $CD$  meet at a unique point  $P$  inside  $ABCD$ . Prove that  $ABCD$  is cyclic if and only if triangles  $ABP$  and  $CDP$  have equal areas. *(Luxembourg)*

2. In a contest, there are  $m$  candidates and  $n$  judges, where  $n \geq 3$  is an odd integer. Each candidate is evaluated by each judge as either pass or fail. Suppose that each pair of judges agrees on at most  $k$  candidates. Prove that

$$\frac{k}{m} \geq \frac{n-1}{2n}. \quad \text{(India)}$$

3. For any positive integer  $n$ , let  $\tau(n)$  denote the number of its positive divisors (including 1 and itself). Determine all positive integers  $m$  for which there exists a positive integer  $n$  such that  $\frac{\tau(n^2)}{\tau(n)} = m$ . *(Belarus)*

*Second Day – July 16*

4. Determine all pairs  $(x, y)$  of positive integers such that  $x^2y + x + y$  is divisible by  $xy^2 + y + 7$ . *(Great Britain)*

5. Let  $I$  be the incenter of triangle  $ABC$ . Let  $K$ ,  $L$ , and  $M$  be the points of tangency of the incircle of  $ABC$  with  $AB$ ,  $BC$ , and  $CA$ , respectively. The line  $t$  passes through  $B$  and is parallel to  $KL$ . The lines  $MK$  and  $ML$  intersect  $t$  at the points  $R$  and  $S$ . Prove that  $\angle RIS$  is acute. *(Ukraine)*

6. Determine the least possible value of  $f(1998)$ , where  $f$  is a function from the set  $\mathbb{N}$  of positive integers into itself such that for all  $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,

$$f(n^2 f(m)) = m[f(n)]^2. \quad \text{(Bulgaria)}$$