

23-rd Iberoamerican Mathematical Olympiad

September 23–24, 2008

First Day

1. The integers $1, 2, \dots, 2008^2$ are written one each square of a 2008×2008 board. For every row and column the difference between the maximal and minimal of the numbers is computed. Let S be the sum of these 4016 numbers. Find the largest possible value for S .
2. Given a triangle ABC , let r be the external bisector of $\angle ABC$. Let P and Q be the feet of perpendiculars from A and C to r . If $CP \cap BA = M$ and $AQ \cap BC = N$, show that MN , r , and AC pass through the same point.
3. Let $P(x) = x^3 + mx + n$ be an integer polynomial that for each $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$ satisfies:
If $P(x) - P(y)$ is divisible by 107, then $x - y$ is divisible by 107 as well.
Prove that $107 \mid m$.

Second Day

4. Prove that there are no integers x and y such that

$$x^{2008} + 2008! = 21^y.$$

5. Let X, Y , and Z be the points of the sides BC, CA , and AB of $\triangle ABC$. Let A', B' , and C' be the circumcenters of $\triangle AZY, \triangle BXZ$, and CYX , respectively. Prove that $4S_{A'B'C'} \geq S_{ABC}$ with equality if and only if AA', BB' , and CC' pass through the same point.
6. *Biribol* is a game played between two teams of 4 people each (teams are not fixed). Find all the possible values of n for which it is possible to arrange a tournament with n players in such a way that every couple of participants plays a match in opposite teams exactly once.