

Yugoslav IMO Team Selection Test 1996

Bar, April 14, 1996.

*Time allowed 180 minutes.
Each problem is worth 25 points.*

1. Let $\mathcal{F} = \{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$ be a collection of subsets of the set $S = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ satisfying the following conditions:
 - (a) any two distinct sets from \mathcal{F} have exactly one element in common;
 - (b) each element of S is contained in exactly k of the sets in \mathcal{F} .

Can n be equal to 1996?

2. Let be given a set of 1996 equal circles in the plane, no two of them having common interior points. Prove that there exists a circle touching at most three other circles.
3. The sequence $\{x_n\}$ is given by

$$x_n = \frac{1}{4} \left((2 + \sqrt{3})^{2n-1} + (2 - \sqrt{3})^{2n-1} \right), \quad n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

Prove that each x_n is equal to the sum of squares of two consecutive integers.