

Serbian Mathematical Olympiad 2008
Belgrade, April 12–13

First Day

1. Solve in integers the equation $12^x + y^4 = 2008^z$.
2. Given a triangle ABC , let D and E be the points on line AB such that $D - A - B - E$, $AD = AC$ and $BE = BC$. The bisectors of the angles at A and B meet the opposite sides of the triangle at P and Q respectively, and meet the circumcircle at M and N , respectively. The line joining A with the circumcenter of triangle BME and the line joining B with the circumcenter of triangle AND intersect at point X . Prove that $CX \perp PQ$.
3. If a, b and c are arbitrary positive numbers with $a + b + c = 1$, prove the inequality
$$\frac{1}{bc + a + \frac{1}{a}} + \frac{1}{ca + b + \frac{1}{b}} + \frac{1}{ab + c + \frac{1}{c}} \leq \frac{27}{31}.$$

Second Day

4. Each point of a plane is painted in one of three colors. Show that there exists a triangle such that:
 - (i) all three vertices of the triangle are of the same color;
 - (ii) the radius of the circumcircle of the triangle is 2008;
 - (iii) one angle of the triangle is either two or three times greater than one of the other two angles.
5. The sequence $(a_n)_{n \geq 1}$ is defined by $a_1 = 3$, $a_2 = 11$ and $a_n = 4a_{n-1} - a_{n-2}$, for $n \geq 3$. Prove that each term of this sequence is of the form $a^2 + 2b^2$ for some natural numbers a and b .
6. Let $ABCDE$ be a convex pentagon in which $AB = 1$, $\angle BAE = \angle ABC = 120^\circ$, $\angle CDE = 60^\circ$ and $\angle ADB = 30^\circ$. Prove that the area of pentagon $ABCDE$ is less than $\sqrt{3}$.

Time allowed: 270 minutes each day.
Each problem is worth 7 points.