

# Italian IMO Team Selection Test 1999

Cortona, May 29, 1999

Time allowed: 4 hours

1. Prove that for any prime number  $p$  the equation  $2^p + 3^p = a^n$  has no solution  $(a, n)$  in integers greater than 1.
2. Let  $D$  and  $E$  be points on sides  $AB$  and  $AC$  respectively of a triangle  $ABC$  such that  $DE$  is parallel to  $AB$  and tangent to the incircle of  $ABC$ . Prove that

$$DE \leq \frac{1}{8}(AB + BC + CA).$$

3. (a) Find all strictly monotone functions  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that

$$f(x + f(y)) = f(x) + y \quad \text{for all real } x, y.$$

- (b) If  $n > 1$  is an integer, prove that there is no strictly monotone function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that

$$f(x + f(y)) = f(x) + y^n \quad \text{for all real } x, y.$$

4. Let  $X$  be an  $n$ -element set and let  $A_1, \dots, A_m$  be subsets of  $X$  such that

- (i)  $|A_i| = 3$  for each  $i = 1, \dots, m$ ;
- (ii)  $|A_i \cap A_j| \leq 1$  for any two distinct indices  $i, j$ .

Show that there exists a subset of  $X$  with at least  $\lceil \sqrt{2n} \rceil$  elements which does not contain any of the  $A_i$ 's.