

# 24-th Iranian Mathematical Olympiad 2006/2007

## First Round

Time: 4 hours each day.

### First Day

1. For each  $m, n > 2$  prove that there exists a sequence  $a_0, \dots, a_k$  such that  $a_0 = m$ ,  $a_k = n$  and

$$a_i + a_{i+1} \mid a_i a_{i+1} + 1, \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, k-1.$$

2. Let  $I_1, \dots, I_n$  be  $n$  closed intervals of  $\mathbb{R}$  such that among any  $k$  of them there are 2 with nonempty intersection. Prove that one can choose  $k-1$  points in  $\mathbb{R}$  such that any of the intervals contain at least one of the chosen points.
3. Let  $A, B, C, D$  be four points in the alphabetical order on a circle  $\Omega$ . Prove that there are four points  $M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4$  on the circle which form a quadrilateral with perpendicular diagonals, such that for each  $i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$$\frac{AM_i}{BM_i} = \frac{DM_i}{CM_i}.$$

### Second Day

4. Find all polynomials  $p(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}[x, y]$  such that

$$\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R} : p(x+y, x-y) = 2p(x, y).$$

5. Let  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  be two circles such that the center of  $C_1$  is located on  $C_2$ . If  $M$  and  $N$  are the intersections of the circles,  $AB$  an arbitrary diameter of  $C_1$ ,  $A_1$  and  $B_1$  the intersections of  $AM$  and  $BM$  with  $C_2$  respectively, prove that  $A_1 B_1$  is equal to the radius of  $C_1$ .
6. We have a stack of  $n$  books piled on each other, and labeled by  $1, 2, \dots, n$ . In each round we make  $n$  moves in the following manner: In the  $i$ -th move of each turn, we turn over the  $i$  books at the top, as a single book. After each round we start a new round similar to the previous one. Show that after some moves, we will reach the initial arrangement.