

# 23-rd Iranian Mathematical Olympiad 2005/06

## First Round

Time: 4 hours each day.

### *First Day*

1. Suppose that  $n$  is a positive integer and  $p$  a prime number such that  $n \mid p - 1$  and  $p \mid n^3 - 1$ . Show that  $4p - 3$  is a perfect square.
2. Let  $D$  be a variable point on side  $BC$  of a triangle  $ABC$  with  $\angle A = 60^\circ$ . Let  $O_1$  and  $O_2$  be the circumcenters of triangles  $ABD$  and  $ACD$  respectively, and let  $N$  be the circumcenter of triangle  $DO_1O_2$ . The lines  $BO_1$  and  $CO_2$  intersect at  $M$ . Prove that the line  $MN$  passes through a fixed point.
3. Given  $10^6$  points in space, show that the set of their pairwise distances has at least 79 elements.

### *Second Day*

4. In some of the  $2n$  cells of a  $2 \times n$  table there are (one or more) coins. In each step we choose a cell with at least two coins, remove two coins and put one either on the upper cell, or on the cell to the right. If we start with at least  $2^n$  coins on the table, prove that we can play so that we bring at least one coin to the upper-right cell.
5. A chord  $XY$  of a circle is perpendicular to its diameter  $BC$ . Points  $P$  and  $M$  are taken on  $XY$  and  $CY$  so that  $CY \parallel PB$  and  $CX \parallel MP$ . The lines  $CX$  and  $PB$  intersect at  $K$ . Prove that  $PB$  is perpendicular to  $MK$ .
6. Find all functions  $f : \mathbb{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$  such that

$$(x + y)f(f(x)y) = x^2f(f(x) + f(y)) \quad \text{for all } x, y > 0.$$