

# 18-th Irish Mathematical Olympiad 2005

May 7, 2005

Time: 3 hours each part.

## Part 1

1. Show that  $2005^{2005}$  is a sum of two perfect squares, but not a sum of two perfect cubes.
2. Let  $D, E$  and  $F$  be points on the sides  $BC, CA$  and  $AB$  respectively of a triangle  $ABC$ , distinct from the vertices, such that  $AD, BE$  and  $CF$  meet at a point  $G$ . Prove that if the triangles  $AGE, CGD, BGF$  have equal area, then  $G$  is the centroid of  $\triangle ABC$ .
3. Prove that the sum of the lengths of the medians of a triangle is at least three quarters of its perimeter.
4. Determine the number of arrangements  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{10}$  of the numbers  $1, 2, \dots, 10$  such that  $a_i > a_{2i}$  for  $1 \leq i \leq 5$  and  $a_i > a_{2i+1}$  for  $1 \leq i \leq 4$ .
5. Let  $a, b, c$  be nonnegative real numbers. Prove that

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{3} \left( (a-b)^2 + (b-c)^2 + (c-a)^2 \right) &\leq a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 3\sqrt[3]{a^2b^2c^2} \\ &\leq (a-b)^2 + (b-c)^2 + (c-a)^2. \end{aligned}$$

## Part 2

6. Let  $X$  be a point on the side  $AB$  of a triangle  $ABC$ , different from  $A$  and  $B$ . Let  $P$  and  $Q$  be the incenters of the triangles  $ACX$  and  $BCX$  respectively, and let  $M$  be the midpoint of  $PQ$ . Prove that  $MC > MX$ .
7. Using the digits  $1, 2, 3, 4, 5$ , players  $A$  and  $B$  compose a 2005-digit number  $N$  by selecting one digit at a time:  $A$  selects the first digit,  $B$  the second,  $A$  the third and so on. Player  $A$  wins if and only if  $N$  is divisible by 9. Who will win if both players play as well as possible?
8. Let  $x$  be an integer and  $y, z, w$  be odd positive integers. Prove that 17 divides  $x^{y^z w} - x^{y^z}$ .
9. Find the first digit to the left and the first digit to the right of the decimal point in the expansion of  $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^{2000}$ .
10. Suppose that  $m$  and  $n$  are odd integers such that  $m^2 - n^2 + 1$  divides  $n^2 - 1$ . Prove that  $m^2 - n^2 + 1$  is a perfect square.