

# 51-st Czech and Slovak Mathematical Olympiad 2002

## Third Round

### Category A

1. Solve the following system in the set of integers:

$$\begin{aligned}(4x)_5 + 7y &= 14, \\ (2y)_5 - (3x)_7 &= 74,\end{aligned}$$

where  $(n)_k$  denotes the multiple of  $k$  closest to number  $n$ . (P. Černek)

2. Consider all equilateral triangles  $KLM$  with the property that  $K, L, M$  lie on the sides  $AB, BC, CD$  of a given square  $ABCD$ . Find the locus of the midpoint of the segment  $KL$ . (J. Zhouf)

3. Prove that a natural number  $A$  is a perfect square if and only if, for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , at least one of the numbers  $(A+1)^2 - A, (A+2)^2 - A, \dots, (A+n)^2 - A$  is divisible by  $n$ . (P. Kaňovský)

4. Find all pairs of real numbers  $(a, b)$  for which the equation

$$\frac{ax^2 - 24x + b}{x^2 - 1} = x$$

has exactly two real solutions and their sum is 12. (P. Černek)

5. In a plane is given a triangle  $KLM$  and a point  $A$  on the extension of side  $KL$  over  $K$ . Construct a rectangle  $ABCD$  whose vertices  $B, C$  and  $D$  lie on lines  $KM, KL$  and  $LM$  respectively. (P. Calábek)

6. Find all functions  $f : \mathbb{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$  such that for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^+$ ,

$$f(xf(y)) = f(xy) + x. \quad (P. Kaňovský)$$