

7-th Czech–Polish–Slovak Match 2007

Bílavec, Czech Republic

June 25–26, 2007

1. Find all polynomials P with real coefficients satisfying

$$P(x^2) = P(x)P(x+2)$$

for all real numbers x .

2. The Fibonacci sequence is defined by $a_1 = a_2 = 1$ and $a_{k+2} = a_{k+1} + a_k$ for $k \in \mathbb{N}$. Prove that for any natural number m there is an index k such that $a_k^4 - a_k - 2$ is divisible by m .
3. A convex quadrilateral $ABCD$ inscribed in a circle k has the property that the rays DA and CB meet at a point E for which $CD^2 = AD \cdot ED$. The perpendicular to ED at A intersects k again at point F . Prove that the segments AD and CF are congruent if and only if the circumcenter of $\triangle ABE$ lies on ED .
4. For any real number $p \geq 1$ consider the set of all real numbers x with

$$p < x < \left(2 + \sqrt{p + \frac{1}{4}}\right)^2.$$

Prove that from any such set one can select four mutually distinct natural numbers a, b, c, d with $ab = cd$.

5. For which $n \in \{3900, 3901, \dots, 3909\}$ can the set $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ be partitioned into (disjoint) triples in such a way that in each triple one of the numbers equals the sum of the other two?
6. Let $ABCD$ be a convex quadrilateral. A circle passing through the points A and D and a circle passing through the points B and C are externally tangent at a point P inside the quadrilateral. Suppose that $\angle PAB + \angle PDC \leq 90^\circ$ and $\angle PBA + \angle PCD \leq 90^\circ$. Prove that $AB + CD \geq BC + AD$.