

# 10-th Baltic Way

Reykjavik, Iceland – November 6, 1999

1. Determine all real numbers  $a, b, c, d$  that satisfy the following equations:

$$\begin{cases} abc + ab + bc + ca + a + b + c = 1 \\ bcd + bc + cd + db + b + c + d = 9 \\ cda + cd + da + ac + c + d + a = 9 \\ dab + da + ab + bd + d + a + b = 9. \end{cases}$$

2. Find all positive integers  $n$  with the property that the third root of  $n$  is obtained by removing its last three decimal digits.
3. Determine all positive integers  $n \geq 3$  such that the inequality

$$a_1a_2 + a_2a_3 + \dots + a_{n-1}a_n + a_na_1 \leq 0$$

holds for all real numbers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  with the sum 0.

4. For all positive real numbers  $x$  and  $y$  define

$$f(x, y) = \min\left(x, \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}\right).$$

Show that  $f$  attains its maximum at some point and find that maximum.

5. The point  $(a, b)$  lies on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ . The tangent to the circle at this point meets the parabola  $y = x^2 + 1$  at exactly one point. Find all such points  $(a, b)$ .
6. What is the least number of moves it takes a knight to get from one corner of an  $n \times n$  chessboard, where  $n \geq 4$ , to the diagonally opposite corner?
7. Two squares on an  $8 \times 8$  chessboard are called adjacent if they have a common edge or common corner. Is it possible for a king to begin in some square and visit all squares exactly once in such a way that all moves except the first are made into squares adjacent to an even number of squares already visited?
8. We are given 1999 coins, no two having the same weight. A machine is provided which allows us with one operation to determine, for any three coins, which one has the middle weight. Prove that the coin that is the 1000th by weight can be determined by no more than 1000000 operations and that this is the only coin whose position by weight can be determined using this machine.
9. A cube with edge length 3 is divided into 27 unit cubes which are numbered  $1, 2, \dots, 27$ . We form the 27 possible row sums (there are nine such sums of three integers for each of the three directions parallel to the edges of the cube). At most how many of the 27 row sums can be odd?

10. Can the points of a disc of radius 1 (including its circumference) be partitioned into three subsets in such a way that no subset contains two points on a distance 1?
11. Prove that for any four points in the plane, no three of which are collinear, there exists a circle such that three of the four points are on the circumference and the fourth point is either on the circumference or inside the circle.
12. In a triangle  $ABC$  it is given that  $2AB = AC + BC$ . Prove that the incenter of  $ABC$ , the circumcenter of  $ABC$ , and the midpoints of  $AC$  and  $BC$  are concyclic.
13. The bisectors of the angles  $A$  and  $B$  of the triangle  $ABC$  meet the sides  $BC$  and  $CA$  at the points  $D$  and  $E$ , respectively. Assuming that  $AE + BD = AB$ , determine the angle  $C$ .
14. Let  $ABC$  be a triangle with  $AB = AC$ . Points  $D$  and  $E$  lie on the sides  $AB$  and  $AC$ , respectively. The line through  $B$  parallel to  $AC$  meets the line  $DE$  at  $F$ . The line passing through  $C$  and parallel to  $AB$  meets the line  $DE$  at  $G$ . Prove that

$$\frac{[DBCG]}{[FBCE]} = \frac{AD}{AE},$$

where  $[PQRS]$  denotes the area of the quadrilateral  $PQRS$ .

15. Let  $ABC$  be a triangle with  $\angle C = 60^\circ$  and  $AC < BC$ . The point  $D$  lies on the side  $BC$  and satisfies  $BD = AC$ . The side  $AC$  is extended to the point  $E$  with  $AC = CE$ . Prove that  $AB = DE$ .
16. Find the smallest positive integer  $k$  which is representable in the form  $k = 19^n - 5^m$  for some positive integers  $m$  and  $n$ .
17. Does there exist a finite sequence of integers  $c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n$  such that all the numbers  $a + c_1, a + c_2, \dots, a + c_n$  are primes finitely many, but at least two different integers  $a$ ?
18. Let  $m$  be a positive integer such that  $m \equiv 2 \pmod{4}$ . Show that there exists at most one factorization  $m = ab$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are positive integers satisfying

$$0 < a - b < \sqrt{5 + 4\sqrt{4m + 1}}.$$

19. Prove that there exist infinitely many even positive integers  $k$  such that for every prime  $p$  the number  $p^2 + k$  is composite.
20. Let  $a, b, c$  and  $d$  be prime numbers such that  $a > 3b > 6c > 12d$  and  $a^2 - b^2 + c^2 - d^2 = 1749$ . Determine all possible values of  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2$ .