

# Bulgarian Mathematical Olympiad 1968, III Round

## First Day

1. Find four digit number  $\overline{1xyz}$ , if two of the numbers  $\overline{xz}$ ,  $\overline{yx} + 1$ ,  $\overline{zy} - 2$  are divisible by 7 and  $x + 2y + z = 29$ . (6 Points)
2. Find the numbers  $A, B, C$  in such a way that for every natural number  $n$  is true the following equality

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{2^2} + \frac{3}{2^3} + \cdots + \frac{n}{2^n} = \frac{An+B}{2^n} + C$$

(7 Points)

3. Solve the inequality

$$(1 - \cos x)(1 + \cos 2x)(1 - \cos 3x) < \frac{1}{2}$$

(7 Points)

## Second day

4. The points  $A, B, C$  and  $D$  are sequential vertices of regular polygon and the following equality is satisfied

$$\frac{1}{AB} = \frac{1}{AC} + \frac{1}{AD}$$

How much sides the polygon have ? (6 Points)

5. In a triangle  $ABC$  over the median  $CM$  is chosen a random point  $O$ . The lines  $AO$  and  $BO$  intersects the sides  $BC$  and  $AC$  at the points  $K$  and  $L$  respectively. Prove that if  $AC > BC$  then  $AK > BL$ . (6 Points)
6. The base of pyramid  $SABCD$  (with base  $ABCD$ ) is a quadrilateral with mutually perpendicular diagonals. The orthogonal projection of the vertex  $S$  over the base of the pyramid coincides with the intersection point of the diagonals  $AC$  and  $BD$ . Prove that the orthogonal projections of the point  $O$  over the walls of the pyramid lies over a common circle. (8 Points)