

# 25-th Balkan Mathematical Olympiad

Ohrid, FYR Macedonia – May 6, 2008

1. An acute-angled scalene triangle  $ABC$  with  $AB > BC$  is given. Let  $O$  be its circumcenter,  $H$  its orthocenter, and  $F$  the foot of the altitude from  $C$ . Let  $P$  be the point (other than  $A$ ) on the line  $AB$  such that  $AF = PF$ , and  $M$  be a point on  $AC$ . We denote the intersection of  $PH$  and  $BC$  by  $X$ , the intersection of  $OM$  and  $FX$  by  $Y$ , and the intersection of  $OF$  and  $AC$  by  $Z$ . Prove that the points  $F$ ,  $M$ ,  $Y$ , and  $Z$  are concyclic.
2. Does there exist a sequence  $a_1, a_2, \dots$  of positive numbers satisfying both of the following conditions:
  - (i)  $\sum_{i=1}^n a_i \leq n^2$  for every positive integer  $n$ ;
  - (ii)  $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{a_i} \leq 2008$  for every positive integer  $n$ ?
3. Let  $n$  be a positive integer. The rectangle  $ABCD$  with side lengths  $90n + 1$  and  $90n + 5$  is partitioned into unit squares with sides parallel to the sides of  $ABCD$ . Let  $S$  be the set of all points which are vertices of these unit squares. Prove that the number of lines which pass through at least two points from  $S$  is divisible by 4.
4. Let  $c$  be a positive integer. The sequence  $a_1, a_2, \dots$  is defined by  $a_1 = c$  and  $a_{n+1} = a_n^2 + a_n + c^3$  for every positive integer  $n$ . Find all values of  $c$  for which there exists some integers  $k \geq 1$  and  $m \geq 2$  such that  $a_k^2 + c^3$  is the  $m$ -th power of some positive integer.