

# 8-th Balkan Mathematical Olympiad

Constanța, Romania – May 13-18, 1991

1. Let  $M$  be a point on the arc  $AB$  not containing  $C$  of the circumcircle of an acute-angled triangle  $ABC$ , and let  $O$  be the circumcenter. The perpendicular from  $M$  to  $OA$  intersects  $AB$  at  $K$  and  $AC$  at  $L$ . The perpendicular from  $M$  to  $OB$  intersects  $AB$  at  $N$  and  $BC$  at  $P$ . If  $KL = MN$ , express  $\angle MLP$  in terms of the angles of  $\triangle ABC$ . (Greece)
2. Prove that there are infinitely many pairwise non-congruent triangles  $T$  such that:
  - (i) The sides  $a, b, c$  of  $T$  are coprime positive integers;
  - (ii) The area of  $T$  is an integer;
  - (iii) None of the altitudes of  $T$  is an integer. (Yugoslavia)
3. A regular hexagon of area  $H$  is inscribed in a convex polygon of area  $P$ . Prove that  $P \leq \frac{3}{2}H$ . When does equality occur? (Bulgaria)
4. Prove that there is no bijection  $f : \{1, 2, \dots\} \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$  such that

$$f(mn) = f(m) + f(n) + 3f(m)f(n) \quad \text{for all } m, n. \quad (\text{Romania})$$