

# 19-th Austrian Mathematical Olympiad 1988

## Final Round

*First Day - June 8*

1. If  $a_1, \dots, a_{1988}$  are positive numbers whose arithmetic mean is 1988, show that

$$\sqrt[1988]{\prod_{i,j=1}^{1988} \left(1 + \frac{a_i}{a_j}\right)} \geq 2^{1988}$$

and determine when equality holds.

2. An equilateral triangle  $A_1A_2A_3$  is divided into four smaller equilateral triangles by joining the midpoints  $A_4, A_5, A_6$  of its sides. Let  $A_7, \dots, A_{15}$  be the midpoints of the sides of these smaller triangles. The 15 points  $A_1, \dots, A_{15}$  are each colored either green or blue. Show that with any such colouring there are always three mutually equidistant points  $A_i, A_j, A_k$  having the same color.
3. Show that there is precisely one sequence  $a_1, a_2, \dots$  of integers which satisfies  $a_1 = 1, a_2 > 1$ , and

$$a_{n+1}^3 + 1 = a_n a_{n+2} \quad \text{for } n \geq 1.$$

*Second Day - June 9*

4. Let  $a_{ij}$  be nonnegative integers such that  $a_{ij} = 0$  if and only if  $i > j$  and that  $\sum_{j=1}^{1988} a_{ij} = 1988$  holds for all  $i = 1, \dots, 1988$ . Find all real solutions of the system of equations

$$\sum_{j=1}^{1988} (1 + a_{ij})x_j = i + 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq 1988.$$

5. The bisectors of angles  $B$  and  $C$  of triangle  $ABC$  intersect the opposite sides in points  $B'$  and  $C'$  respectively. Show that the line  $B'C'$  intersects the incircle of the triangle.
6. Determine all monic polynomials  $p(x)$  of fifth degree having real coefficients and the following property: Whenever  $a$  is a (real or complex) root of  $p(x)$ , then so are  $1/a$  and  $1 - a$ .