

# 14-th Austrian Mathematical Olympiad 1983

## Final Round

### First Day

1. For every natural number  $x$ , let  $Q(x)$  be the sum and  $P(x)$  the product of the (decimal) digits of  $x$ . Show that for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  there exist infinitely many values of  $x$  such that

$$Q(Q(x)) + P(Q(x)) + Q(P(x)) + P(P(x)) = n.$$

2. Let  $x_1, x_2, x_3$  be the roots of  $x^3 - 6x^2 + ax + a = 0$ . Find all real numbers  $a$  for which  $(x_1 - 1)^3 + (x_2 - 1)^3 + (x_3 - 1)^3 = 0$ . Also, for each such  $a$ , determine the corresponding values of  $x_1, x_2$ , and  $x_3$ .
3. Let  $P$  be a point in the plane of a triangle  $ABC$ . Lines  $AP, BP, CP$  respectively meet lines  $BC, CA, AB$  at points  $A', B', C'$ . Points  $A'', B'', C''$  are symmetric to  $A, B, C$  with respect to  $A', B', C'$ , respectively. Show that

$$S_{A''B''C''} = 3S_{ABC} + 4S_{A'B'C'}.$$

### Second Day

4. The sequence  $(x_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  is defined by  $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 3$ , and

$$\begin{aligned} x_{2m+1} &= x_{2m} + x_{2m-1} && \text{for } m \geq 1; \\ x_{2m} &= x_{2m-1} + 2x_{2m-2} && \text{for } m \geq 2. \end{aligned}$$

Determine  $x_n$  as a function of  $n$ .

5. Given positive integers  $a, b$ , find all positive integers  $x, y$  satisfying the equation  $x^{a+b} + y = x^a y^b$ .
6. Planes  $\pi_1$  and  $\pi_2$  in Euclidean space  $\mathbb{R}^3$  partition  $S = \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus (\pi_1 \cup \pi_2)$  into several components. Show that for any cube in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , at least one of the components of  $S$  meets at least three faces of the cube.