4-th Nordic Mathematical Contest

April 5, 1990

- 1. Let m, n, and p be positive odd integers. Show that $\sum_{k=1}^{(n-1)^p} k^m$ is divisible by n.
- 2. Prove that if a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n are real numbers, then

$$\sqrt[3]{a_1^3 + a_2^3 + \dots + a_n^3} \le \sqrt{a_1^2 + a_2^2 + \dots + a_n^2}.$$

- 3. A point P is given inside a triangle ABC. A line l through P not containing A intersects AB and AC at Q and R, respectively. Find the line l such that the perimeter of $\triangle AQR$ is least possible.
- 4. With any positive integer n, three operations f,g,h are allowed: f(n) = 10n, g(n) = 10n + 4, and h(2n) = n. Prove that starting from number 4, every positive integer can be obtained by performing finitely many operations f,g,h in some order.

