

## 5-th Mediterranean Mathematical Competition 2002

1. Determine all positive integers  $x, y$  such that  $y \mid x^2 + 1$  and  $x^2 \mid y^3 + 1$ .
2. Suppose  $x, y, a$  are real numbers such that  $x + y = x^3 + y^3 = x^5 + y^5 = a$ . Find all possible values of  $a$ .
3. In an acute-angled triangle  $ABC$ ,  $M$  and  $N$  are points on the sides  $AC$  and  $BC$  respectively, and  $K$  the midpoint of  $MN$ . The circumcircles of triangles  $ACN$  and  $BCM$  meet again at a point  $D$ . Prove that the line  $CD$  contains the circumcenter  $O$  of  $\triangle ABC$  if and only if  $K$  is on the perpendicular bisector of  $AB$ .
4. If  $a, b, c$  are nonnegative real numbers with  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 1$ , prove that

$$\frac{a}{b^2 + 1} + \frac{b}{c^2 + 1} + \frac{c}{a^2 + 1} \geq \frac{3}{4} (a\sqrt{a} + b\sqrt{b} + c\sqrt{c})^2.$$