## 16-th Iranian Mathematical Olympiad 1998/1999

## First Round

Time: 3 hours each day.

## First Day

1. Let  $a_1 < a_2 < \cdots < a_n$  be real numbers. Prove that

$$a_1a_2^4 + a_2a_3^4 + \dots + a_na_1^4 \ge a_1^4a_2 + a_2^4a_3 + \dots + a_n^4a_1.$$

- 2. Given a natural number n, an n-tuple  $(a_1, \ldots, a_n)$  is said to be good if  $a_1 + \cdots + a_n = 2n$  and for no subset S of  $\{1, 2, \ldots, n\}$ ,  $\sum_{i \in S} a_i = n$ . Find all good n-tuples.
- 3. Let *I* be the incenter of a triangle *ABC* and *D* the point of intersection of line *AI* with the circumcircle of  $\triangle ABC$ . Points *D* and *E* are respectively the feet of perpendiculars from *I* to *BD* and *CD*. Given that IE + IF = AD/2, compute  $\angle BAC$ .

## Second Day

- 4. In a triangle ABC we have BC > CA > AB. Points D and E are given on side BC and ray AB respectively so that BD = BE = AC. The circumcircle of triangle BED meets AC at P. Line BP meets the circumcircle of ABC at Q. Show that AQ + CQ = BP.
- 5. Let  $d_1 < d_2 < d_3 < d_4$  be the four smallest divisors of a natural number n. Find all n such that  $n = d_1^2 + d_2^2 + d_3^2 + d_4^2$ .
- 6. For any two *n*-sequences of 0 and 1  $A = (a_1, ..., a_n)$  and  $B = (b_1, ..., b_n)$ , we define their distance by  $d(A,B) = |\{i \mid a_i \neq b_i\}|$ . Suppose A,B,C are such sequences that satisfy  $d(A,B) = d(B,C) = d(C,A) = \delta$ .
  - (a) Prove that  $\delta$  is even.
  - (b) Prove that there is a sequence D such that  $d(D,A) = d(D,B) = d(D,C) = \delta/2$ .

