

25-th International Mathematical Olympiad  
Prague, Czechoslovakia, June 29–July 10, 1984

*First Day – July 4*

1. Let  $x, y, z$  be nonnegative real numbers with  $x + y + z = 1$ . Show that

$$0 \leq xy + yz + zx - 2xyz \leq \frac{7}{27}. \quad (\text{FR Germany})$$

2. Find two positive integers  $a, b$  such that none of the numbers  $a, b, a + b$  is divisible by 7 and  $(a + b)^7 - a^7 - b^7$  is divisible by  $7^7$ . (Netherlands)

3. In a plane two different points  $O$  and  $A$  are given. For each point  $X \neq O$  of the plane denote by  $\alpha(X)$  the angle  $AOX$  measured in radians ( $0 \leq \alpha(X) < 2\pi$ ) and by  $C(X)$  the circle with center  $O$  and radius  $OX + \frac{\alpha(X)}{OX}$ . Suppose each point of the plane is colored by one of a finite number of colors. Show that there exists a point  $X$  with  $\alpha(X) > 0$  such that its color appears somewhere on the circle  $C(X)$ . (Romania)

*Second Day – July 5*

4. Let  $ABCD$  be a convex quadrilateral for which the circle of diameter  $AB$  is tangent to the line  $CD$ . Show that the circle of diameter  $CD$  is tangent to the line  $AB$  if and only if the lines  $BC$  and  $AD$  are parallel. (Romania)
5. Let  $d$  be the sum of the lengths of all diagonals of a convex polygon of  $n$  ( $n > 3$ ) vertices, and let  $p$  be its perimeter. Prove that

$$\frac{n-3}{2} < \frac{d}{p} < \frac{1}{2} \left( \left[ \frac{n}{2} \right] \left[ \frac{n+1}{2} \right] - 2 \right). \quad (\text{Mongolia})$$

6. Let  $a, b, c, d$  be odd positive integers such that  $a < b < c < d$ ,  $ad = bc$ , and  $a + d = 2^k$ ,  $b + c = 2^m$  for some integers  $k$  and  $m$ . Prove that  $a = 1$ . (Poland)