Bulgarian Mathematical Olympiad 1972, III Round

First Day

- 1. Prove that for every integer number and natural number n the number $a^N a$ is divisible by 13 where $N = 2^{2^n} 3$. (6 points, Hr. Le Lesov)
- 2. Prove inequality:

$$1 + \frac{1}{1!\sqrt{2!}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2!}\sqrt[3]{3!}} + \dots + \frac{1}{(n-1)^{n-1}\sqrt{(n-1)!}\sqrt[n]{n}} > \frac{2(n^2 + n - 1)}{n(n+1)}$$

where n is a natural number, greater than 1.

(7 points, Hr. Lesov)

3. Find all positive integer values of *n* for which whole plane may be covered with network that consists of regular *n*-gons. (7 points, Hr. Lesov)

Second day

4. The opposite sides *AB* and *CD* of inscribed in the circle *k* quadrilateral *ABCD* intersects at a point *M*. Tangent *MN* (*N* belongs to *k*) is parallel to the diagonal *AC*. *NB* intersects *AC* at the point *P*. Prove that the lines *AN*, *DB* and *PM* intersects at a common point.

(6 points, Hr. Lesov)

5. On the sides *BC*, *CA*, *AB* of acute angled triangle *ABC* externally are constructed squares which centers are denoted by *M*, *N*, *P*. Prove the inequality:

$$[MNP] \ge \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)[ABC]$$

(6 points, Hr. Lesov)

6. It is given a pyramid with base *n*-gon, circumscribed around a circle with center *O*, which is orthogonal projection of the vertex of the pyramid to the plane of the base of the pyramid. Prove that the orthogonal projections of *O* to the walls of the pyramid lies on the common circle.

(8 points, Hr. Lesov)

