

## 10-th Asian–Pacific Mathematical Olympiad 1998

1. Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be the set of all  $n$ -tuples  $(A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n)$ , where each  $A_i$  is a subset of  $\{1, 2, \dots, 1998\}$ . Evaluate

$$\sum_{(A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n) \in \mathcal{F}} |A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n|.$$

2. Show that for any positive integers  $a$  and  $b$ ,  $(36a+b)(a+36b)$  cannot be a power of 2.
3. If  $a, b, c$  are positive real numbers, prove the inequality

$$\left(1 + \frac{a}{b}\right) \left(1 + \frac{b}{c}\right) \left(1 + \frac{c}{a}\right) \geq 2 \left(1 + \frac{a+b+c}{\sqrt[3]{abc}}\right).$$

4. In a triangle  $ABC$ ,  $D$  is the foot of the altitude from  $A$ . Let  $E$  and  $F$  be points on a line through  $D$ , different from  $D$ , such that  $AE \perp BE$  and  $AF \perp CF$ , and let  $M$  and  $N$  be the midpoints of the segments  $BC$  and  $EF$ , respectively. Prove that  $AN$  is perpendicular to  $NM$ .
5. Determine the largest integer  $n$  which is divisible by all positive integers that are less than  $\sqrt[3]{n}$ .